



EYFS Progression of Skills - Reception 2023-2024

Early Years Foundation Stage Aims:

The Early Years Foundation Stage (EYFS) sets the standards to ensure that children learn and develop well and are kept healthy and safe. It promotes teaching and learning to ensure children's 'school readiness' and gives children the broad range of knowledge and skills that provide the right foundation for good future progress through school and life.

Our EYFS setting will provide:

- **Quality and consistency** so that every child makes good progress and no child gets left behind
- **A secure foundation** through planning for the learning and development of each individual child, assessing and reviewing what they have learnt regularly
- **Partnership working** between practitioners and with parents and/or carers
- **Equality of opportunity** and anti-discriminatory practice, ensuring every child is included and supported

Communication and Language

ELG Listening, Attention and Understanding

- Listen attentively and respond to what they hear with relevant questions, comments and actions when being read to and during whole class discussions and small group interactions.
- Make comments about what they have heard and ask questions to clarify their understanding.
- Hold conversation when engaged in back-and-forth exchanges with their teacher and peers.

ELG Speaking

- Participate in small group, class and one-to-one discussions, offering their own ideas, using recently introduced vocabulary.
- Offer explanations for why things might happen, making use of recently introduced vocabulary from stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems when appropriate.
- Express their ideas and feelings about their experiences using full sentences, including use of past, present and future tenses and making use of conjunctions, with modelling and support from their teacher.

Area	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Listening, Attention and Understanding	<p>To understand how to listen carefully.</p> <p>To understand why listening is important.</p> <p>To be able to follow instructions/directions.</p>	<p>To engage in story times, joining in with repeated phrases and actions.</p> <p>To begin to understand how and why questions.</p> <p>To respond to instructions with more than one step.</p>	<p>To ask questions to find out more.</p> <p>To begin to understand humour.</p> <p>To understand a range of complex sentence structures.</p>	<p>To retell a story.</p> <p>To follow a story without pictures of props.</p>	<p>To understand questions such as who, what, where, when, why and how.</p>	<p>To have conversations with adults and peers with back and forth interactions.</p>

Speaking	To talk in front of a small group.	To answer questions in front of a whole class.	To develop confidence to talk to other adults they know at school. To talk in sentences using a conjunction e.g. and or because.	To share their work with others.	To link statements and stick to a main theme.	To talk to a range of adults around the school.
	To talk to their teacher and other supporting adults.	To use new vocabulary throughout their learning and play.		To use new vocabulary in a range of contexts.	To use talk to organise, sequence and clarify their thinking, ideas, feelings and events.	To talk about why things happen,
	To learn new vocabulary linked to the project learning.			To engage in nonfiction books.		To talk in sentences using a range of tenses.

Personal, Social and Emotional Development

ELG Self - Regulation

- Show an understanding of their own feelings and those of others, and begin to regulate their behaviour accordingly.
- Set and work towards simple goals, being able to wait for what they want and control their immediate impulses when appropriate.
- Give focused attention to what the teacher says, responding appropriately even when engaged in activity, and show an ability to follow instructions involving several ideas or actions. **ELG Managing Self**

- Be confident to try new activities and show independence, resilience and perseverance in the face of challenge.
- Explain the reasons for rules, know right from wrong and try to behave accordingly.
- Manage their own basic hygiene and personal needs, including dressing, going to the toilet and understanding the importance of healthy food choices.

ELG Building Relationships

- Work and play cooperatively and take turns with others.
- Form positive attachments to adults and friendships with peers.
- Show sensitivity to their own and to others' needs.

Area	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Self-Regulation	To recognise different emotions. To understand how people show emotions. To focus during short whole class activities. To follow one-step instructions.	To talk about how they are feeling; comfortable, uncomfortable. To consider how others are feeling and how their behaviour affects that. To change their behaviour to a range of situations.	To maintain their focus during longer whole class input sessions. To follow an instruction which involves more than one step.	To understand and manage their feelings and emotions. To continue to consider the needs and feelings of others.	To continue to learn how to manage and control their emotions using a range of techniques.	To be able to maintain their focus during extended whole class teaching sessions and independent learning activities.
Managing Self	To independently be able to <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Use the toilet - Wash hands - Put coat on - Change shoes into wellington boots 	To have confidence to try new activities. To develop ability to follow the rules and routines of the classroom.	To begin to show resilience and perseverance when faced with a challenge. To independently manage to fasten a zipper on a coat. To independently	To identify and name healthy foods. To understand the importance of healthy food choices.	To show a good level of independence in their ability to manage their own basic needs. To independently put their uniform on	To show a 'can do' attitude to change and transition especially when moving to Year 1 taster sessions.

	To explore the Reception environment. To begin to understand the rules of a classroom – STAR.	Complete a range of tasks as a Handy Helper.	manage to fasten button.		including managing to fasten zippers, buttons and buckles with minimal support.	
Building Relationships	To seek support from adults when needed. To gain confidence to speak to others in their class and to adults. To play with children who are playing with the same activity.	To identify adults who are 'safe adults', which they can speak to if they are feeling uncomfortable. To begin to develop friendships. To begin to develop positive relationships with Reception staff.	To begin to work as a group with support from adults. To take turns during group work and when playing games together.	To listen to the ideas of others. To find solutions to disagreements, with support from adults.	To develop relationships with other adults around the school – to support transition. To communicate with a range of people within school.	To listen to the ideas of others and show the ability to find solutions and compromise during teamwork activities or during play. To have developed strong friendships.

Physical Development

ELG Gross Motor Skills

- Negotiate space and obstacles safely, with consideration for themselves and others.
- Demonstrate strength, balance and coordination when playing.
- Move energetically, such as running, jumping, dancing, hopping, skipping and climbing.

ELG Fine Motor Skills

- Hold a pencil effectively in preparation for fluent writing – using the tripod grip in almost all cases.
- Use a range of small tools, including scissors, paintbrushes and cutlery.
- Begin to show accuracy and care when drawing.

Area	Autumn 1 Introduction to P.E	Autumn 2 Fundamentals	Spring 1 - Gymnastics	Spring 2 – Dance	Summer 1 – Ball Skills	Summer 2 – Games
Gross Motor Skills	<p>To move safely within a given space.</p> <p>To stop safely.</p> <p>To develop control when using basic equipment e.g. scissors.</p>	<p>To run, change direction and stop on a given signal.</p> <p>To jump, hop, balance and move in a variety of ways with increasing control.</p>	<p>To demonstrate control over their body when moving around the hall.</p> <p>To create short sequences using shapes, balances and travelling movements. To developing rocking and rolling. To safely explore apparatus, balancing, travelling and jumping safely; around, over and through.</p>	<p>To move in time to a piece of music, following the rhythm and use counting to help keep in time.</p> <p>To copy and create actions in time to a piece of music. To communicate ideas through movement, demonstrating confidence and imagination.</p>	<p>To throw and catch with a partner. To roll and track a ball.</p> <p>To dribble a ball using hands and then feet. To develop accuracy when throwing to a target.</p>	<p>To play by rules given and develop co-ordination. To learn to play as a team.</p> <p>To learn to play against an opponent. To follow instructions safely and carefully when playing team games.</p>
Fine Motor Skills	<p>To use a dominant hand.</p> <p>To mark make using shapes.</p> <p>To begin to use a tripod grip when using mark making tools.</p>	<p>To hold a knife and fork correctly. To begin to use anticlockwise movements and retrace vertical lines.</p> <p>To hold scissors correctly and cut</p>	<p>To continue to use a tripod grip for mark making. To thread with small beads.</p> <p>To use small pegs.</p> <p>To write taught</p>	<p>To hold scissors safely and correctly and cut out large shapes.</p> <p>To write letters using the correct letter formation and control the size of the letters formed.</p>	<p>To hold scissors safely and correctly and cut out various materials. To paint using thinner brushes. To form letters using the correct letter</p>	<p>To create detail in drawings, using a range of tools accurately. To cut out shapes, materials and resources with skill and accuracy. To</p>

	<p>To thread large beads. To use large pegs. To hold scissors correctly and make snips in paper. To use tweezers to transfer objects. To make points in playdoh by pinching.</p>	<p>along a straight or zig zagged line. To use a tripod grip when mark making. To write taught letters using correct letter formation.</p>	<p>letters using correct letter formation.</p>		<p>formation and control the size of the letter, considering where they sit on the given line.</p>	<p>independently use a knife and fork for all appropriate meals.</p>
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Literacy

ELG Comprehension

- Demonstrate understanding of what has been read to them by retelling stories and narratives using their own words and recently introduced vocabulary.
- Anticipate (where appropriate) key events in stories.
- Use and understand recently introduced vocabulary during discussions about stories, nonfiction, rhymes and poems and during role play.

ELG Word Reading

- Say a sound for each letter in the alphabet and at least 10 digraphs.
- Read words consistent with their phonic knowledge by sound-blending.
- Read aloud simple sentences and books that are consistent with their phonic knowledge, including some common exception words.

ELG Writing

- Write recognisable letters, most of which are correctly formed.
- Spell words by identifying sounds in them and representing the sounds with a letter or letters.
- Write simple phrases and sentences that can be read by others.

Area	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Comprehension	To use pictures to tell stories. To listen to stories read and engage in story time. To independently look at a book, holding it the correct way and turning pages carefully.	To sequence familiar stories. To join in with repeated phrases and actions in stories. To begin to answer questions about stories read to them. To enjoy an increasing range of books, which may include fiction, nonfiction, poems and rhyme.	To role play and act out stories they have heard. To begin to understand the sequence of a story, identifying the beginning, middle and end.	To begin to predict what might happen next in a story. To suggest what might happen at the end of a story. To retell a story they have heard. To follow a story without pictures of props. To identify and talk about the characters in books they are enjoying listening to or reading.	To begin to answer questions about what they have read. To use vocabulary that is influenced by their experience of books.	To answer questions about what they have read. To know information can be retrieved from books. To use a book to find the answer to a given question.

Word Reading	<p>To recognise their written name. To recognise taught Set 1 sounds – see RWI. To identify the initial sound in words.</p> <p>To begin to orally blend sounds in short words e.g. cat, dog.</p>	<p>To recognise taught Set 1 sounds – see RWI. To begin to recognise taught Set 2 sounds – see RWI. To blend sounds to read words using taught sounds. To begin reading captions and sentences using taught sounds.</p>	<p>To recognise taught Set 1 and 2 sounds – see RWI. To read taught 'red words'. To read books matching their phonics To read captions and sentences using taught sounds. ability.</p>	<p>To recognise taught Set 1, Set 2 and Set 3 sounds – see RWI. To read taught 'red words'. To read books matching their phonics a To read captions and sentences using taught sounds. bility.</p>	<p>To recognise taught Set 1, Set 2 and Set 3 sounds – see RWI. To read taught 'red words'. To read books matching their phoni To begin to read longer captions and sentences using taught sounds. cs ability.</p>	<p>To recognise taught Set 1, Set 2 and Set 3 sounds – see RWI. To read taught 'red words'. To read books matching their phonics To begin to read longer captions and sentences using taught sounds. ability.</p>
Writing	<p>To copy letter shapes which are familiar to them e.g. from their name.</p> <p>To give meaning to the marks they make as they write.</p> <p>To copy taught shapes and letters.</p> <p>To write the initial sounds in words.</p>	<p>To write their name.</p> <p>To use the correct letter formation of taught letters.</p> <p>To write words and labels using taught sounds.</p> <p>To begin to write captions using taught sounds.</p>	<p>To form lower case letters correctly, from the correct starting point.</p> <p>To begin to write sentences using finger spaces.</p> <p>To spell words using taught sounds, including special friends.</p> <p>To spell some red words correctly.</p>	<p>To begin to form capital letters correctly.</p> <p>To understand that sentences start with a capital letter and end with a full stop.</p> <p>To write sentences using finger spaces and full stops.</p> <p>To spell words using taught sounds, including special friends.</p>	<p>To form lower and capital letters correctly.</p> <p>To begin to write longer words which are spelt phonetically.</p> <p>To begin to use a capital letter at the start of a sentence.</p> <p>To begin to read their written work back and check for meaning.</p>	<p>To form lower and capital letters correctly.</p> <p>To write sentences using a capital letter, finger spaces and a full stop.</p> <p>To begin to read their written work back and check for meaning.</p>

Mathematics

ELG Number

- Have a deep understanding of number to 10, including the composition of each number. □ Subitise (recognise quantities without counting) up to 5.
- Automatically recall (without reference to rhymes, counting or other aids) number bonds up to 5 (including subtraction facts) and some number bonds to 10, including double facts.

ELG Numerical Patterns

- Verbally count beyond 20, recognising the pattern of the counting system.
- Compare quantities up to 10 in different contexts, recognising when one quantity is greater than, less than or the same as the other quantity.
- Explore and represent patterns within numbers up to 10, including evens and odds, double facts and how quantities can be distributed equally.

Shape, Space and Measure – there are no early learning goals that directly relate to shape, space and measure objectives. However, children will have experienced rich opportunities to develop their spatial reasoning skills in shape, space and measure.

Area	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Number	To recognise numbers 1-5. To begin to subitise to 5. To find one more of numbers to 5. To find one less of numbers to 5. To explore the composition of numbers to 5. To match the written numeral to a quantity to 5. To know addition facts to make 5.		To recognise numbers 6-10. To begin to subitise to 10. To find one more of numbers to 10. To find one less of numbers to 10. To explore the composition of numbers to 10. To match the written numeral to a quantity to 10. To continue to recall addition facts that make 5 and identify the subtraction facts. To estimate a number of objects. To practise pairs of numbers that make 10. To begin to learn double facts.		To recognise numbers to 20. To revise pairs of numbers which equal 5. To continue to practise recalling pairs of numbers that make 10.	To know addition and subtraction facts to 10. To recall double facts to 10. To explore how to make numbers above ten using tens and ones.

Numerical Patterns	To identify which group of objects has more.	To count to 15.	To understand the difference between odd and even numbers to 10.	To add two given quantities to find the total.	To know that 1, 3, 5, 7, 9 are odd numbers.
	To identify which group of objects has less.	To count given objects up to 10.			
	To compare quantities up to 5.	To order numbers to 10.	To combine two groups of objects by counting all of them together.	To subtract a one digit from another one digit number.	To know that 2, 4, 6, 8 and 10 are even numbers.
	To compare equal and unequal groups.	To compare quantities to 10.	To take objects away and count how many are left.	To count to 20.	To find half of numbers up to 10.
	To count forward to 5 and then to 10.	To find the missing number from a number line.		To order numbers to 20.	To share quantities equally.
	To count backward from 5 to 0 and then 10 to 0.			To double numbers up to 10.	To combine groups of 2, 5 and 10.
	To order numbers to 5.				

Shape, Space and Measure* (*No longer an ELG but will be planned for to ensure children have good basic knowledge in this area).	To sort objects against given criteria.	To measure height using cubes.
	To compare capacity, length, height and size.	To measure length using cubes.
	To complete a repeating pattern of 2 objects or colours.	To begin to recognise times on the clock to o'clock.
	To recognise and name circle, square, rectangle and triangle.	To begin to name 3D shapes: cube, sphere, cuboid, pyramid, cylinder.
	To begin to explore the properties of 2D shapes.	To begin to explore the properties of 3D shapes.
	To make shape pictures.	To complete a repeating pattern with more than 2 variables of objects or colours.
	To order days of the week.	
	To sequence daily event using words related time.	

Understanding the World

Past and Present

- Talk about the lives of the people around them and their roles in society.
- Know some similarities and differences between things in the past and now, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class.
- Understand the past through settings, characters and events encountered in books read in class and storytelling.

People, Culture and Communities

- Describe their immediate environment using knowledge from observation, discussion, stories, non-fiction texts and maps.
- Explain some similarities and differences between life in this country and life in other countries, drawing on knowledge from stories, non-fiction texts and (when appropriate) maps. **The Natural World**
- Explore the natural world around them, making observations and drawing pictures of animals and plants.
- Know some similarities and differences between the natural world around them and contrasting environments, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class.
- Understand some important processes and changes in the natural world around them, including the seasons and changing states of matter.

Technology – There are no early learning goals that directly relate to computing objectives, It is still expected that children will be introduced to appropriate technology and use it within their provision.

Area	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Past and Present	To be able to identify how they have changed from when they were a baby.	<p>To talk about the lives of the people around us.</p> <p>To know some similarities and differences between things in the past and now, drawing on experiences and what has been read in class.</p>	To know about the past through settings, characters and events encountered in books read in class and storytelling.	<p>To know some similarities and differences between things in the past and now, drawing on experiences and what has been read in class.</p> <p>To know about the past through settings, characters and events encountered in books read in class and storytelling.</p>		<p>To know some similarities and differences between things in the past and now, drawing on experiences and what has been read in class.</p> <p>To know about the past through settings, characters</p>

People, Culture and Communities	To be able to talk about their own lives – my family, my school, my world.	To know about people who help us within the local community.	To talk about Chinese New Year.	To know that Christians celebrate Easter.	To know that simple symbols are used to identify features on a map.	and events encountered in books read in class and storytelling.
	To recognise similarities and differences between themselves and their peers.	To identify different celebrations and how people celebrate.				
	To know the name of the town where they live.	To talk about how Hindus celebrate Diwali.				
		To know the Christmas story and how it is celebrated.				

The Natural World	To talk about a simple map and draw information from it.	To identify and recognise the features of Winter.	To identify and recognise the features of Spring.	To identify the features of a woodland and identify the animals that live there.	To identify and recognise the features of Summer.
	To describe what they can see, hear, smell and feel when they are outside.				To know and compare habitats.
	To know features of their own immediate environment.			To know and compare habitats.	To know there are many countries around the world.
	To identify and recognise the features of Autumn.				To know about the features of the world – forests, rainforests, jungles, deserts and oceans.

Technology* (*No longer an ELG but will be planned for to ensure children have good basic knowledge in this area).	To show an interest in technological toys such as IWB, iPads, toys with knobs, pulleys and buttons.	To learn about e-safety. To draw pictures of the IWB and be able to select colours.	To use the iPad to take pictures. To draw pictures of the IWB and be able to select colours and change pen size.	To use the IWB, changing games and programmes.	To explore how simple robots like BeeBots can be programmed.	To give reasons why we need to stay safe online.
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Expressive Arts and Design

Creating with Materials

- Safely use and explore a variety of materials, tools and techniques, experimenting with colour, design, texture, form and function.
- Share their creations, explaining the process they have used.
- Make use of props and materials when role playing characters in narratives and stories.

Being Imaginative and Expressive

- Invent, adapt and recount narratives and stories with peers and their teacher.
- Sing a range of well-known nursery rhymes and songs.
- Perform songs, rhymes, poems and stories with others and (when appropriate) try to move in time with music.

Area	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Creating with Materials	<p>To name colours.</p> <p>To create simple representations of people and objects.</p> <p>To explore different techniques for joining materials.</p> <p>To draw and colour with pencils and crayons.</p> <p>To experiment with colouring mixing.</p> <p>To use colours for a particular purpose.</p> <p>To explore the work by the artists Picasso and Kandinsky</p> <p>To design and make a felt stocking.</p>		<p>To experiment with different mark making tools such as art pencils, pastels, chalk.</p> <p>To explore a range of materials.</p> <p>To continue to explore joining techniques for a range of materials.</p> <p>To use collage materials and different textures to create puppets.</p> <p>To use some cooking techniques – Easter nests and pancakes.</p>		<p>To use materials to explore sculpture.</p> <p>To explore the work by the famous artists like Matisse.</p> <p>To be able to identify texture, shape and colour.</p> <p>To experiment with printing techniques.</p> <p>To share creations, talk about process and evaluate their work.</p> <p>To adapt work where necessary.</p> <p>To design and make models with a purpose.</p>	

Being Imaginative and Expressive	To experiment with different instruments and their sounds.	To join in with whole school singing assemblies.	To join in with whole school singing assemblies.
	To talk about whether they like/dislike a piece of music.	To create musical patterns using un-tuned instruments.	To create own compositions using instruments.
	To create musical patterns using body percussion.	To move in time to music and learn dance routines.	
	To use costumes, songs and resources to act out the Nativity.	To act out well-known stories.	